# SAFETY DATA SHEET

T315 S.S. Super Scrub

# Section 1. Identification

**GHS Product Identifier** : T315 S.S. Super Scrub

**Product type** : Liquid

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Not applicable

Supplier's details : TEAM LABORATORY CHEMICAL CORP.

PO BOX 1467

**DETROIT LAKES, MN 56502** Phone: 800-522-TEAM (8326)

**Emergency telephone** number (with hours of operation)

: 1-800-535-5053 (24 Hours) (North America) 1-352-323-3500 (24 hours) (International

### Section 2. Hazards identification

**OSHA/HCS status** : This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard

(29 CFR 1910.1200).

Classification of the substance or mixture : SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 1 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 1

### **GHS label elements**

**Hazard pictograms** 



Signal word

**Hazard statements** : Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

**Precautionary statements** 

General : Read label before use. Keep out of reach of children. If medical advice is needed,

have product container or label at hand.

**Prevention** : Wear protective gloves. Wear eye or face protection. Wear protective clothing. Wash

hands thoroughly after handling.

: IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for Response

breathing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or physician. IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or physician. Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water or shower. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or physician. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several

minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or physician.

: Store locked up. **Storage** 

: Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and **Disposal** 

international regulations.

Hazards not otherwise

classified

: None known.

Date of issue/Date of revision : 6/24/2015 Date of previous issue : No previous validation Version : 0.01 1/12

### Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture
Other means of identification

: Not available

: Mixture

### **CAS** number/other identifiers

**CAS number** : Not applicable

Product code : 2915

Ingredient name	%	CAS number
2-butoxyethanol	10 - 30	111-76-2
2-aminoethanol	1 - 5	141-43-5
potassium hydroxide	1 - 5	1310-58-3

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

### Section 4. First aid measures

### **Description of necessary first aid measures**

**Eye contact** 

: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician.

Inhalation

: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.

**Skin contact** 

: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.

Ingestion

: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

### Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Potential acute health effects

**Eye contact** : Causes serious eye damage.

Date of issue/Date of revision : 6/24/2015 Date of previous issue : No previous validation Version : 0.01 2/12

### Section 4. First aid measures

Inhalation : May give off gas, vapor or dust that is very irritating or corrosive to the respiratory

system. Exposure to decomposition products may cause a health hazard. Serious

effects maybe delayed following exposure.

Skin contact : Causes severe burns.

**Ingestion** : May cause burns to mouth, throat and stomach.

### Over-exposure signs/symptoms

**Eye contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain watering redness

**Inhalation** : No specific data.

**Skin contact**: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain or irritation

redness

blistering may occur

**Ingestion** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

stomach pains

### Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

Notes to physician : In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed.

The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.

**Specific treatments**: No specific treatment.

Protection of first-aiders : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is

suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water

before removing it, or wear gloves.

### See toxicological information (section 8)

## Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

### Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media

3 3 3

Unsuitable extinguishing media

: None known.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical

: In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst.

Hazardous thermal decomposition products

: Decomposition products may include the following materials:

: Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.

carbon dioxide carbon monoxide nitrogen oxides sulfur oxides metal oxide/oxides

Special protective actions for fire-fighters

: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters

: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

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### Section 6. Accidental release measures

### Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

### For non-emergency personnel

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

For emergency responders: If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For nonemergency personnel".

### **Environmental precautions**

: Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

### Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

### **Small spill**

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

### Large spill

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

### Section 7. Handling and storage

### Precautions for safe handling

**Protective measures** 

: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not ingest. If during normal use the material presents a respiratory hazard, use only with adequate ventilation or wear appropriate respirator. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Keep away from acids. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

### Advice on general occupational hygiene

: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

# including any incompatibilities

Conditions for safe storage, : Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials and food and drink. Store locked up. Separate from acids. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

Date of issue/Date of revision : 6/24/2015 Date of previous issue : No previous validation Version: 0.01

# Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

### **Control parameters**

### Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
2-butoxyethanol	ACGIH TLV (United States, 6/2013).
•	TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.
	OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989).
	Absorbed through skin.
	TWA: 25 ppm 8 hours.
	TWA: 120 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.
	NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2013).
	Absorbed through skin.
	TWA: 5 ppm 10 hours.
	TWA: 24 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 10 hours.
	OSHA PEL (United States, 2/2013).
	Absorbed through skin.
	TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
	TWA: 240 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.
2-aminoethanol	ACGIH TLV (United States, 6/2013).
	TWA: 3 ppm 8 hours.
	TWA: 7.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.
	STEL: 6 ppm 15 minutes.
	STEL: 15 mg/m³ 15 minutes.
	OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989).
	TWA: 3 ppm 8 hours.
	TWA: 8 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.
	STEL: 6 ppm 15 minutes.
	STEL: 15 mg/m³ 15 minutes.
	NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2013).
	TWA: 3 ppm 10 hours.
	TWA: 8 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 10 hours.
	STEL: 6 ppm 15 minutes.
	STEL: 15 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.
	OSHA PEL (United States, 2/2013).
	TWA: 3 ppm 8 hours.
	TWA: 6 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.
potassium hydroxide	ACGIH TLV (United States, 6/2013).
	C: 2 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
	OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989).
	CEIL: 2 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
	NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2013).
	TWA: 2 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 10 hours.

# Appropriate engineering controls

**Environmental exposure** controls

- : If user operations generate dust, fumes, gas, vapor or mist, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits.
- : Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

### **Individual protection measures**

Date of issue/Date of revision : 6/24/2015 Date of previous issue : No previous validation Version : 0.01 5/12

# Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

### **Hygiene measures**

: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period.

Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

### **Eye/face protection**

: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles and/ or face shield. If inhalation hazards exist, a full-face respirator may be required instead.

### Skin protection

**Hand protection** 

: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.

**Body protection** 

: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Other skin protection

: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

**Respiratory protection** 

: Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator.

# Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

#### **Appearance**

Physical state : Liquid

Color : Colorless

Odor : Solvent

Odor threshold : Not available

pH : 12.5 to 14

Melting point : 0°C (32°F)

Boiling point : 100°C (212°F)

Flash point : Closed cup: >93.334°C (>200°F)

Evaporation rate : Not available
Flammability (solid, gas) : Not available
Lower and upper explosive : Not available

(flammable) limits

**Vapor pressure** : <4 kPa (<30 mm Hg) [room temperature]

Vapor density : <1 [Air = 1]

Specific gravity : 1.03 g/cm³

Solubility : Not available

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

: Not available

**Auto-ignition temperature**: Not available

Date of issue/Date of revision: 6/24/2015Date of previous issue: No previous validationVersion: 0.016/12

T315 S.S. Super Scrub

# Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Viscosity : Not available

VOC content : 21%

VOCs are calculated following the requirements under 40 CFR, Part 59, Subpart C for Consumer Products and Subpart D for Architectural Coatings.

### Section 10. Stability and reactivity

**Reactivity**: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

**Chemical stability**: The product is stable.

Possibility of hazardous reactions

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

Conditions to avoid : No specific data.

**Incompatible materials** : Reactive or incompatible with the following materials:

acids

Hazardous decomposition products

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

# Section 11. Toxicological information

### Information on toxicological effects

### **Acute toxicity**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
2-butoxyethanol	LD50 Dermal LD50 Oral	Rat Rat	>2000 mg/kg 1300 mg/kg	-
2-aminoethanol potassium hydroxide	LD50 Oral LD50 Oral	Rat Rat	1720 mg/kg 273 mg/kg	-

### Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
2-butoxyethanol	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 100 milligrams	-
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	100 milligrams	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	500 milligrams	-
2-aminoethanol	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	250 Micrograms	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	505 milligrams	-
potassium hydroxide	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 1 milligrams	-
	Skin - Severe irritant	Guinea pig	-	24 hours 50 milligrams	-
	Skin - Severe irritant	Human	-	24 hours 50 milligrams	-
	Skin - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 50 milligrams	-

### **Sensitization**

Not available

# Section 11. Toxicological information

### **Mutagenicity**

Not available

#### **Carcinogenicity**

Not available

#### Classification

Product/ingredient name	OSHA	IARC	NTP
2-butoxyethanol	-	3	-

### Reproductive toxicity

Not available

### **Teratogenicity**

Not available

### Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Not available

### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Not available

#### **Aspiration hazard**

Not available

Information on the likely

routes of exposure

: Not available

### Potential acute health effects

**Eye contact** 

: Causes serious eye damage.

Inhalation : May give off gas, vapor or dust that is very irritating or corrosive to the respiratory

system. Exposure to decomposition products may cause a health hazard. Serious

effects maybe delayed following exposure.

**Skin contact** : Causes severe burns.

Ingestion : May cause burns to mouth, throat and stomach.

### Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

**Eye contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

> watering redness

Inhalation : No specific data.

**Skin contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain or irritation

redness

blistering may occur

Ingestion : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

stomach pains

### Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

**Short term exposure** 

**Potential immediate** 

effects

: Not available

Date of issue/Date of revision : 6/24/2015 Date of previous issue : No previous validation Version: 0.01 8/12

# Section 11. Toxicological information

Potential delayed effects : Not available

Long term exposure

Potential immediate : Not available

effects

Potential delayed effects : Not available

### Potential chronic health effects

Not available

General : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Carcinogenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Mutagenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Teratogenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Developmental effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Fertility effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

### **Numerical measures of toxicity**

### **Acute toxicity estimates**

Route	ATE value
Oral	4554.4 mg/kg

# Section 12. Ecological information

### **Toxicity**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
2-butoxyethanol	Acute EC50 1000 mg/l Fresh water Acute LC50 800000 μg/l Marine water Acute LC50 1250000 μg/l Marine water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna Crustaceans - Crangon crangon Fish - Menidia beryllina	48 hours 48 hours 96 hours
2-aminoethanol	Acute EC50 8.42 mg/l Fresh water	Algae - Desmodesmus subspicatus	72 hours
	Acute LC50 100000 μg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Crangon crangon - Adult	48 hours
potassium hydroxide	Acute LC50 170000 μg/l Freshwater Acute LC50 80 ppm Freshwater	Fish - Carassius auratus Fish - Gambusia affinis - Adult	96 hours 96 hours

#### Persistence and degradability

Not available

### **Bioaccumulative potential**

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
2-butoxyethanol	0.81	-	low
2-aminoethanol	-1.31		low

### **Mobility in soil**

Soil/water partition : Not available coefficient (Koc)

Date of issue/Date of revision: 6/24/2015Date of previous issue: No previous validationVersion: 0.019/12

### Section 12. Ecological information

Other adverse effects

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

### Section 13. Disposal considerations

### **Disposal methods**

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

	DOT Classification	IMDG	IATA
UN number	UN1719	UN1719	UN1719
UN proper shipping name	Caustic alkali liquids, n.o. s. (Potassium hydroxide, 2-aminoethanol)	Caustic Alkali Liquid, N.O. S. (Potassium hydroxide, 2-aminoethanol)	Caustic Alkali Liquid, N.O.S (Potassium hydroxide, 2-aminoethanol)
Transport hazard class(es)	8	8	8
Packing group	III	III	III
Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.
Additional information	-	-	-

Special precautions for user : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according : Not available to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

Date of issue/Date of revision : 6/24/2015 Date of previous issue : No previous validation Version : 0.01 10/12

# Section 15. Regulatory information

**U.S. Federal regulations** 

: United States inventory (TSCA 8b): All components are listed or exempted.

# EPA Registered Disinfectant Products

: Hazard and caution statements required under the OSHA 2012 regulations may be different from those required by the EPA FIFRA regulations for registered disinfectant products. Please refer to the EPA registered disinfectant label for this product for the appropriate hazard and caution statements required under the EPA FIFRA regulations.

Clean Air Act Section 112 (b) Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs)

Not listed

### **SARA 311/312**

Classification

: Immediate (acute) health hazard

### **Composition/information on ingredients**

Name	%	Fire hazard	Sudden release of pressure	Reactive	Immediate (acute) health hazard	Delayed (chronic) health hazard
2-butoxyethanol	10 - 30	Yes.	No.	No.	Yes.	No.
2-aminoethanol	1 - 5	Yes.		No.	Yes.	No.
potassium hydroxide	1 - 5	No.		No.	Yes.	No.

#### **SARA 313**

	Product name	CAS number	%
Form R - Reporting requirements	2-butoxyethanol	111-76-2	17.1

SARA 313 notifications must not be detached from the SDS and any copying and redistribution of the SDS shall include copying and redistribution of the notice attached to copies of the SDS subsequently redistributed.

### State regulations

### California Prop. 65

WARNING: This product contains less than 0.1% of a chemical known to the State of California to cause cancer.

Ingredient name	Cancer	Reproductive	No significant risk level	Max acceptable dosage
Diethanolamine tetrasodium 3,3'-[(3,3'-dimethoxy[1,1'- biphenyl]-4,4'-diyl)bis(azo)]bis[5-amino- 4-hydroxynaphthalene-2,7-disulphonate]	Yes.	_	No. No.	No. No.

### **International regulations**

**Canada inventory** : All components are listed or exempted.

### Section 16. Other information

### Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)



# Section 16. Other information

Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks Although HMIS® ratings are not required on SDSs under 29 CFR 1910. 1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered mark of the National Paint & Coatings Association (NPCA). HMIS® materials may be purchased exclusively from J. J. Keller (800) 327-6868.

The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material.

National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.)



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Copyright ©2001, National Fire Protection Association, Quincy, MA 02269. This warning system is intended to be interpreted and applied only by properly trained individuals to identify fire, health and reactivity hazards of chemicals. The user is referred to certain limited number of chemicals with recommended classifications in NFPA 49 and NFPA 325, which would be used as a guideline only. Whether the chemicals are classified by NFPA or not, anyone using the 704 systems to classify chemicals does so at their own risk.

#### **History**

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**Key to abbreviations** : ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate

BCF = Bioconcentration Factor

GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals

IATA = International Air Transport Association

IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container

IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods

LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient

MARPOL 73/78 = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships,

1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)

UN = United Nations

References : Not available

✓Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

#### Notice to reader

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above-named supplier, nor any of its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein.

Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.

Date of issue/Date of revision : 6/24/2015 Date of previous issue : No previous validation Version : 0.01 12/12